

Farm Emiliano Brandimarte Az. Agr. (Sibillini Ranch)

1. Einführung

Die Familie Brandimarte züchtet seit mehr als 30 Jahren Pferde auf dem Höhen-Plateau von Castelluccio di Norcia 1.450 m über dem Meeresspiegel unter dem Monte Vettore, dem mit 2.476m höchsten Berg der Sibillini-Berge. Emilianos Großvater begann mit Pferdezucht und -verkauf im Jahr 1985. Damals basierte die Tierzucht in der Gegend vollständig auf Schafen und die meisten Einwohner waren Hirten. Der Betrieb wirtschaftet auf gepachteten 30 ha, die als Weiden für Pferde, Rinder, Esel und Ziegen dienen. Die Schafzucht wurde wegen häufiger Wolfsangriffe aufgegeben. 3,5 ha der Familie Brandimarte dienen der Heu-Gewinnung und 2,5 ha der Produktion sind der berühmten Linse von Castelluccio di Norcia (PGI) gewidmet.

2. PROFIL DES PROMOTERS



Vorname

Emiliano

Familienname, Nachname

Brandimarte

Geburtsjahr

1988

Geschlecht

Männlich

Ausbildung

High school

3. Betriebsprofil





Adresse

Pian Grande di Castelluccio, 06046 Norcia (PG)

Land

Italien

Fläche des Bauernhofs in ha

36.00

Gründungsdatum des Betriebs

Datum, seit dem der Betriebsleiter den Betrieb führt

So., 01.01.2006 - 12:00

NUMBER OF WORKERS	FAMILY MEMBERS	EXTERNAL WORKERS
Full time	1	2
Part time	0	0

Betriebsbeschreibung

The farm consists of 36 ha, 6 ha company's property and the rest rented, mostly made of pastures. In a small part of the property (2.5 ha) the famous lentil of Castelluccio di Norcia (PGI) is produced. The main animal breeding is based on horses, around 60, trained by Emiliano himself, with the help of his uncle, for riding school and trekking. A bovine breeding started in the very last year as a complementary activity based on Chianina race (White bullock of central Apennines (PGI)) and half-breed cattle, currently 9 heads.

Website und Social Network-Links

Facebook

4. Multifunktionale / nachhaltige Landwirtschaft und europäische Agrarlandschaften (EAL)

Stichwörter: Multifunktionale und Nachhaltige Landwirtschaft

Quality/Organic/Certified production

Tourism and recreation related to EAL

Freier Text

Adventure as inspiration and resilience as way of life are the keywords for this family farming engaged to maintain and valorize the surrounding mountain landscapes with prevailing pastures within highlands in the middle of Central Apennines. This area between Umbria and Marche is the National Park of Sibillini Mountains since 1993. It is famous for its unique landscapes, suitable for animal breeding and farming based on old cereals and the famous Lentil of Castelluccio di Norcia (PGI). After the earthquakes on 24th August 2016, 26th, and 30th October 2016, that hit 4 regions: Umbria, Marche, Abruzzo, and Lazio damaging 200,000 homes and 3,000 stalls, all people living in Castelluccio di Norcia, as well as in other towns and villages around the Sibillini Mountains, the epicenter of the earthquake, moved elsewhere. The majority of those living in Umbria moved to Lake Trasimeno and were hosted by hotels and residences. Emiliano and his family decided to remain with their animals, facing the difficulties and managing animal shelters and welfare at their best. In December 2016, they moved to Norcia descending along the roads and trails torn by the earthquake.

The following spring of 2017, as well as 2018, they went back to Castelluccio repeating as in the past the transhumance tradition and offering their tourist services, such as horse riding in spring, summer, and fall, in collaboration with some hotels reopening in Norcia and surroundings and offering camping tents to tourists. Televisions and press gave a large publicity to this case of "resistance" to the post-earthquake difficulties despite of Castelluccio being an abandoned ghost village.

Rat und Empfehlung

There is nothing comparable to natural beauty of Castelluccio di Norcia highlands. Nature can be sometimes tough, as it is commonly in winter when this area is isolated some days of a year because of heavy snows, or it was in the case of last destructive earthquake, but it is so attractive towards sensitive people that we cannot avoid to come back and restart what was interrupted by the recent natural disaster. The unique landscape and environment of the plateau of Castelluccio can still give again a very high added value to activities based on ecotourism, outdoor sports, and leisure time as a driver of local sustainable development. That environment is not only beautiful and attractive for nature and sport lovers, but also safe for horse riders because of its large lands ideal to learn horse riding and enjoy large trekking tours with scenic views of the area. Old cereals, namely (*Triticum dicoccum*), legumes - the lentil of Castelluccio di Norcia (PGI) (*Lens culinaris* subsp. *Culinaris*) and a kind of pea with strong taste called "roveja" (*Pisum sativum* ssp. *arvense*, variety roveja), represent the plant biodiversity of this area and one of the most important income for local farmers. Animal breeding with bovine, sheep, and swine of local races are the other main farming activity for dairy and meat production (famous is the seasoned cheese from Norcia called "caciotta", cured meat Norcia ham PGI, and several other kinds of traditional salted meat). Landscapes, natural environment, and traditional products are all together the traditional heritage of Castelluccio di Norcia and the Sibillini Mountains National Park.

5. Einschätzung, notwendige Fähigkeiten, Fragen

Allgemeine Überlegungen

Training is a very important issue for all category of workers as well as for people willing to learn outdoor sports and leisure activities such as horse riding. A professional riding guide has to be trained for many years, be passionate of a special contact with the animals and the environment and expert in relationships with visitors and tourists. Besides the techniques a riding guide has to learn to manage all horse needs, such as feeding, cleaning, horse shoeing, and sharpen a sensitivity towards any horse health problems. Very important training issues are also an in-depth knowledge of the local landscapes, animal and plant biodiversity, and food heritage with the ability to represent them to the guests. Family cohesion and good relationships within the team are fundamental in a small family farm. Family is the main self-assistance group supporting all ongoing difficulties, together with friends and volunteers, as it has been after the earthquakes. Good relationships with all other tourist operators are very important to create a pleasant and receptive atmosphere by

welcoming tourists and putting them at ease. After critical and extreme difficulties (such as the situation after the earthquake) proves that a strong feeling of solidarity can also come from institutions and associations (municipalities, civil protection corps, farmers' associations, etc.) during the emergency, but favoring the processes to restart the economic activities and limiting a bureaucratic approach to reconstruction causing slowness and distortions. Training needs should be therefore not just limited to hard and soft skills (techniques and relationships), but should also enlarge notably the horizons of all operators involved in sustainable development, promotion, and provision of services with a common vision.

Strengths	Weaknesses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Familienbetrieb, der seit 30 Jahren im Bereich der Pferdezucht und des Ökotourismus tätig ist. • Traditionelle lokale Qualitätsprodukte, die auf nationaler Ebene sehr beliebt sind. • Lage mitten im Nationalpark der Monti Sibillini. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fragiles Ökosystem. • Erdbebengefährdetes Gebiet. • Risiko der Abwanderung aufgrund massiver Schäden (Castelluccio di Norcia mit 120 Einwohnern ist größtenteils zusammengebrochen).
Opportunities	Threats
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Frühling und Sommer sind sehr attraktiv für Touristen und traditionelles Essen ist in Italien sehr beliebt. • Potenzielle Stärke einer Lebensmittel-Region basierend auf Tier- und Pflanzenvielfalt und -traditionen. • Gut entwickelter Ökotourismus. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bodenerosion aufgrund von Erdbeben nach dem Erdbeben. • Mangel an Menschen und Ressourcen zur Erhaltung von Lebensräumen und wirtschaftlichen Aktivitäten.

Schlüsselwörter

EAL Schlüsselwörter

Highland

Meadow

Protected area

Farming Key words

Grassland/Pasture

Horses

Horticulture

Legumes

Haupttraining/Fähigkeiten/Kompetenzen

The company knowledge is based on horse breeding and riding with a complete know-how of a professional guide and horse keeping. The unique landscapes of Sibillini Mountains are the main natural resource of the family farm and a specific training is requested not just on methods but also on relationships with the customers and information on the main peculiarities and excellences of the area. Other farm products are legumes, especially the famous Lentil of Castelluccio di Norcia GPI and bovine breeding. Sibillini Ranch has a complete range of internal competences, professional riding guides for trekking, farrier and horse keeping, and external support of a veterinarian.

Stichwörter: Multifunktionale und Nachhaltige Landwirtschaft

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Fragen

- For many farms located in EAL with a highly relevant cultural value, ecotourism could be an interesting activity increasing incomes, both for the farm and the territory, while maintaining the landscapes itself in a sustainable way. Do you think this could be applied in your area?
- Traditional and certified products, both crops and autochthonous animal breeds could also help the sustainability of farms and EAL. Have you ever thought of certifying your production?
- Did you checked the requirements to achieve different kinds of certifications (e.g.: organic certification, PDO, PGI, etc.)?
- Small communities, especially in marginal areas, are sometimes not enough considered by public institutions. Is this the case in your area? If yes, how do you think this could be solved?

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