

multifunctional Farming for the sustainability of European Agricultural Landscapes Project N°: 2016-1-SK01-KA202-022502

FEAL CATALOGUE

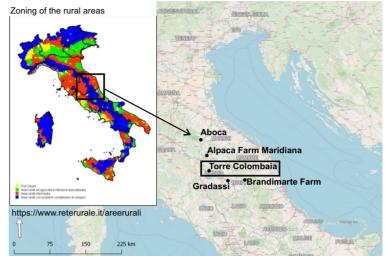
The consolidation of national typologies with European agricultural landscapes

Italy

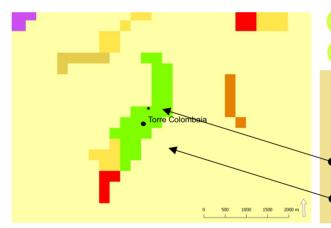
San Biagio della Valle

Torre Colombaia

Administrative units of the central and northen part of Italy



Base map: https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Tileserver



E-atlas E-atla

Administrative unit: **Region: Umbria; Province: Perugia; Municipality: Marsciano**

Land cover CLC 2012:

Forest and semi natural areas - broad-leaved forest;

• Agricultural areas - non-irrigated arable land

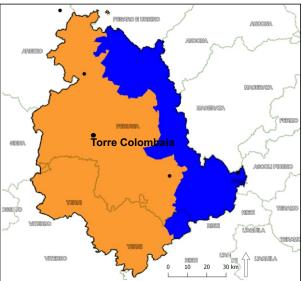
Landscape character and the natural, cultural, and historical heritage





This project has been funded with support from the European Commission. This publication reflects the views only of the author, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained therein.

Zoning of the rural areas



Legend

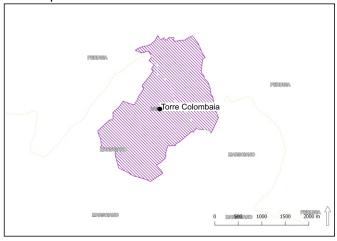


Intermediate rural areas

Rural areas with overall development problems

Rete Rurale Nazionale 2014-2020, Zonizzazione e Cartografia https://www.reterurale.it/areerurali

Natural protected areas



Legend

Protected sites - wetlands of international importance (Ramsar)

http://wms.pcn.minambiente.it/ogc?map%3D/ms_ogc/WMS_v1.3/Vettoriali/RAMSAR.map

Ancient farming houses typical for Italian rural landscape.

Adopting of haymaking agricultural building for agritourism.

The secular wood surrounds the cultivations as a protection against wind, one of the very few existing examples of this Benedictine wood management.

Torre Colombaia was also one of the first agritourism in Umbria, with accommodation, located in 19th century houses, previously hunt cottages