

# Paqui Ruiz Requena Farm

## 1. Uvod

Rastlinjaki se nahaja v občini El Ejido na obali Almerije, kjer je skoncentrirano največje število rastlinjakov v Evropi, njihova razporeditev in število pa sta si pridobila vzdevek Plastičnega morja in je med proizvajalci poimenovan kot Evropski zelenjavni vrt. Rastlinjaki v Almeriji omogočajo intenzivno kmetijsko proizvodnjo, ki je gonilna sila z gospodarskega in socialnega vidika, kar omogoča ohranjanje poseljenosti in privabljanje delovne sile v regijo, ki bi bila brez tega vira odvisna izključno od turizma. Opisani študijski primer ponazarja, kako lahko z rastlinjaki trajnostno upravljamo ob upoštevanju živalstva in tal ob tem pa oblikujemo krajino, ki jo je treba upoštevati.

## 2. PROMOTOR PROFIL



**Ime**

Paqui

**Priimek**

Ruiz Requena

**Rojstno leto**

1983

**Spol**

Ženska

**Izobrazba**

Secondary Education

### **3. Profil Kmetije**





**Address**

Las Norias, El Ejido, Almeria, Spain

**Država**

Španija

**Kmetija območje na hektar**

1.00

**Datum začetka kmetovanja**

2002

### **Datum pridobitve kmetije**

Sre, 01.01.2003 - 12:00

NUMBER OF WORKERS	FAMILY MEMBERS	EXTERNAL WORKERS
<b>Full time</b>	1	1
<b>Part time</b>	0	0

### **Opis kmetije**

The farm consists of 1 ha of plastic production where the red pepper and yellow melon are alternated, the greenhouse is in El Ejido (Almería) near the Punta Estinas-Sabinar Natural Place, it is a family farm where Paqui shares the activity and the equipment with his mother with the support of his grandmother, the predecessor of both. Previously their main crop was courgette, but the appearance of a virus has forced them to transform their production into pepper and melon for 4 years. From the commercialization point of view, they use private distribution channels that export abroad, which obliges them to comply with very strict certifications, especially for export to the USA. This commercialization forces to develop a greenhouse management based on the principles of integrated production with a minimum use of synthetic products for fertilization, which means that no pesticides (herbicides, insecticides or fungicides) are used, based on the biological pest control, solarization, and mechanical weeding, thus ensuring sustainable management and healthy and pesticide-free products.

## **4. Multifunkcijsko in trajnostno kmetijstvo in Evropske kmetijske krajine (EAL)**

### **Multifunctional & sustainable farming Key Words**

Biodiversity

Quality/Organic/Certified production

### **Opis**

In this farm, the sustainable management is very important with no use of insecticide, fungicides, and herbicides, in exchange to biological control, solarization, and mechanical weeding is being developed since 2003, which makes for example the use of bees and bumblebees possible for the pollination of the crops, and maintaining a high population of tiger fly, the fundamental auxiliary fauna to control certain pests. The soil is enriched annually with organic matter from manure to improve soil fertilization and structure. In summer the greenhouses are whitewashed, which produces the reflection of light and therefore a reduction of the temperature under plastic and environment of the region, this is known as the Albedo effect.

The plastic is no longer an uncomfortable waste, now there are many plastic recycling companies and the new plastics are biodegradable. From the water management point of view and given that Almeria is a particularly arid region, in the last few years multiple desalination plants have been built, which provide this resource to many farmers. From the energy point of view, the greenhouse in this area is very efficient, the characteristics of this area means that in winter it is not necessary to maintain the temperature with heating and the fuel consumption and emissions are minimal.

In the beginning, the change to integrated production was difficult because of the scarce availability and price of biologically controlled material, but the trends in the sector have normalized these practices. In this sector, the disease control is very important, the entry of a virus that affected the courgette forced to transform this greenhouse, thus it is important to identify a product that would be an opportunity and bet on its implementation.

One of the biggest problems is to finance the renovation and modernization of greenhouses and the purchase the equipment, on the sale through private warehouse you get an extra price with respect to cooperatives, but not belonging to OPFH (fruit-and vegetable-producer organisations) prevents them from accessing subsidies for the greenhouses' improvement.

In the future they plan to market through cooperatives, where the defense of the product is not on the best quality level, but it allows them to move to organic production and access financing to improve their farm.

At the beginning, as a woman, she found certain barriers and prejudices on the part of certain colleagues in the sector. At present, Paqui has found her place as a well-known and respected farmer in her environment.

### **Nasveti/Priporočila**

- It is important to access agriculture through set-up programs. Setting up a greenhouse without financing is difficult. From the commercialization point of view, it is important to belong to OPFH (fruit-and vegetable-producer organisations) in order to finance investments and improvements.

