

Farma AFRA Odorica

1. Uvod

Odorica - majhna ekokmetija leži v trikotniku med kraji Levoča, Levočske Luky in Spišsky Hrhov v hribovju Medvedie, poleg mesta Levoča (UNESCO). Gospa Zuzana Homolova je že tretja generacija, ki se ukvarja s pridelavo in predelavo zelišč. Ime AFRA ne vključuje le imena ustanovitelja Andrey Franka, ampak tudi ponazarja namen kmetije: "Alternativna Fitologija rastlinskih Adaptogenov". Ostale dejavnosti kmetije vključujejo proizvodnjo in prodajo svežih domačih pridelkov.

2. PROMOTOR PROFIL



Ime

Zuzana

Priimek

Homolová

Rojstno leto

1963

Spol

Ženska

Izobrazba

Secondary.

3. Profil Kmetije





Address

48°59'57"N / 20°37'02"E

Država

Slovaška

Kmetija območje na hektar

30.00

Datum začetka kmetovanja

1990

Datum pridobitve kmetije

Pon, 01.01.1990 - 12:00

NUMBER OF WORKERS	FAMILY MEMBERS	EXTERNAL WORKERS
Full time	0	3
Part time	1	0

Opis kmetije

The farm is not located in a protected area but the landscape adds value to its farming activities. There are sources of high quality drinking water in the area and the organic agriculture positively influences the water protection activities. Views of the High Tatras (the National Park) and the Levoča medieval town (UNESCO) attract a lot of tourists. Historical terraces covering surrounding slopes around the farm were traditionally used for agriculture and now also protect slopes against erosion. A former owner - Czáky family from Spišský Hrhov built Odorica farm in the 19th century. After the collectivization, the farm became busy again in 1987. The farm produces traditional domestic organic food and other organic products. Animals are fed exclusively with natural fodder and grazed in a natural way emphasizing the best possible care. The farm focuses on medicinal plants (1.5 ha). Mrs. Zuzana Homolová sells medicinal plants through the company AFRA BIO based in Levoča. Moreover, Mrs. Homolová also used to take a part in lectures and frequently helps with consultations. At the same time she is the chair-woman of the Organic Farming Association - Ekotrend Slovakia. During farm visits visitors can enjoy domestic products. The farm also organizes children's summer eco-camps and participates in the world-wide initiative called woofing (WWOOF).

Spletne strain in socialna omrežja

odorica.sk

farmaodorica.sk

<http://www.afrabio.sk/onas/ekofarma-odorica/>

[Ekofarma Odorica on Facebook](#)

[Odorica on Youtube I](#)

[Odorica on Youtube II](#)

4. Multifunkcijsko in trajnostno kmetijstvo in Evropske kmetijske kraje (EAL)

Multifunctional & sustainable farming Key Words

[Avoid soil erosion](#)

[Biodiversity](#)

[Social farming](#)

[Direct sales](#)

[Quality/Organic/Certified production](#)

[Tourism and recreation related to EAL](#)

Opis

The farmer had no education background regarding the development of multifunctional and sustainable agricultural activities and these have been developed gradually over the course of several years on the basis of own experiences and thanks to sharing knowledge among other farmers. Therefore, experience shared and exchanged especially among young farmers should be easily accessed and shared online. However, many small farmers in Slovakia face a huge problem - slow or no Internet connection in remote rural regions.

Nevertheless, direct sales on the farm are the most crucial criterion for the successful multifunctional business strategy because only then visitors/ consumers are able to understand what the real quality really stands for - it is the quality of the particular landscape type and land cultivation practices taking into account the landscape value. Moreover, it should be noted that medicinal herbs, as a family tradition that presents the intangible cultural heritage, gave the farmer the opportunity to educate others on human wellbeing and health in connection with the importance of land cultivation in a sustainable way. This knowledge helped the farmer to broaden her opportunities in the business world as well - establishment of a shop with medicinal plants (online shop with a wide reach) and related educational activities with supra-regional impact as well as intensive local presence.

Nasveti/Priporočila

"The farmer is providing its products directly to the consumers. Knowledge on medicinal plants passed down through several generations represents an intangible cultural heritage positively influencing consumers' health and the landscape quality as well."

5. Razmisleki, usposabljanja/kompetence ter trditve in vprašanja

Splošni razmislek

The farmer has been gaining the knowledge on multifunctional farming gradually over several years period not only through her everyday life on the farm but also from her professional work experiences in a non-profit organization with nationwide coverage - Ekotrend Slovakia. Ekotrend Slovakia brings together producers, manufacturers, professionals and those interested in organic farming and sustainable rural living. The main obstacle she faces is also the main problem of other small and family-run farms in Slovakia - a direct sale of farm products which is governed by ineffective legislation. Short market chain and direct sales are key points for the successful multifunctional business strategy. Moreover, direct sales together with organic farming positively influence the quality of the land. Nevertheless, small and family-run farms have an irredeemable position in redressing consequences of collectivization as well as inappropriate transformations that took place under communism and turning the agricultural landscape into a land with a valuable landscape character. Moreover, thanks to the efforts these farmers make customers and visitors can better understand relationship between high quality food and the landscape quality ("taste of the land") when they visit the farms and buy products there. The main challenge for the farmer is to be self-sufficient. Due to complicated and unclear legislation some of the crucial farming activities are virtually impossible to carry out.. Thus, farmers are missing out on the potential income, are unable to employ more people and revitalize the labor potential of the Slovakian countryside and thus fail to provide more adequate maintenance to the agricultural land. The most expected change in legislation is the recognition of a status of a farmer that will not be defined by its particular characteristics, but by many different conditions set by several laws instead.

Strengths	Weaknesses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Privlačna krajina in čisto okolje s panoramskim razgledom. • Privlačnost kmetij na Slovaškem in v tujini. • Pogosti obiski iz mesta Levoča. • Lastna prodajalna zdravilnih rastlin. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intenzivna množična njivska pridelava v okolici. • Nezadostna podpora kmetiji (kot rezultat nezanimanja kompetentnih institucij).
Opportunities	Threats
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Čista in kakovostna voda kot osnova za živinorejo in predelavo živinorejskih proizvodov. • Potencial za razvoj turizma. Možnost razvoja ostalih turističnih produktov- vodeni ogledi, koncept eko muzeja. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Masovni turizem. • Intenzivnejša kmetijska proizvodnja lahko poslabša kakovost vode.

Ključne besede

EAL Keywords

Open fields

Terraced landscape

Farming Key words

Livestock

Medical plants

Processing

Main Training/Skills/Competences

Small and family-run farms need basic legislation knowledge and they expect exact legal definition of a family-run farm. In particular, such legislation should reflect particular needs (natural, historical, cultural, social and economic) of different rural regions with varied landscape types. Without simpler legislation many young farmers as well as small and family-run farms would struggle with legislation, thus making it difficult to carry out their daily activities under the specific conditions of a particular region or landscape type. The success means that the product finalization and sale are done by the farm. At that point the farm has an opportunity to explain consumers how the farmer's practices influence the value of the landscape type and other important information as well. For instance, organic farming contributes to the water resources protection and the cultivation of historical terraces positively influences the landscape character. Eco-camps organized by the farmer are a very good opportunity to get the younger generation interested in farming and explain how the land cultivation in a sustainable way supports natural and cultural values of the agricultural landscape.

Multifunctional & sustainable farming Key Words

Avoid soil erosion

Biodiversity

Social farming

Direct sales

Quality/Organic/Certified production

Tourism and recreation related to EAL

Trditve/Vprašanja

- Is a family-run farm considered to be a specific business entity in your country? If yes, please provide examples which legislation positively stimulates multifunctional agricultural activities.

- What is the main role of a farmer in preserving landscape values?

Izjava.

Izvedba tega projekta ERASMUS+ št. 2016-1-SK01-KA202-022502 je financirana s strani Evropske komisije. Vsebina publikacije je izključno odgovornost avtorja in v nobenem primeru ne predstavlja stališč Evropske komisije



Funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union

Avtorske pravice in izjava | Splošna uredba EU o varstvu podatkov